Use a health care FSA to pay for many health care treatments and services.

A health care flexible spending account (FSA) can be used to pay for many covered health care services. These include:

- Acupuncture
- Ambulance
- Artificial limbs
- Artificial teeth
- Blood sugar test kits for diabetics
- Breast pumps and lactation supplies
- Chiropractor
- Contact lenses and solutions
- Crutches
- Dental treatments including X-rays, cleanings, fillings, braces, and tooth removals
- Doctor’s office visits and procedures
- Drug addiction treatment
- Drug prescriptions
- Eyeglasses and vision exams
- Fertility treatment
- Hearing aids and batteries
- Hospital services
- Inpatient alcoholism treatment
- Insulin
- Laboratory fees
- Laser eye surgery
- Over-the-counter medicines and drugs if prescribed by a doctor (see more information below)
- Physical therapy
- Psychiatric care if the expense is for mental health care provided by a psychiatrist, psychologist or other licensed professional
- Special education services, recommended by a doctor, for learning disabilities
- Speech therapy
- Stop-smoking programs (including nicotine gum or patches, if prescribed)
- Surgery, excluding cosmetic surgery
- Vasectomy
- Walker
- Weight-loss program, if it is a treatment for a specific disease diagnosed by a physician
- Wheelchair

Over-the-counter (OTC) medicines and drugs

Over-the-counter medicines and drugs may only be eligible for FSA reimbursement if you have a valid prescription. Those medicines or drugs include:

- Acid controllers
- Acne medicine
- Aids for indigestion
- Allergy and sinus medicine
- Antidiarrheal medicine
- Baby rash ointment
- Cold and flu medicine
- Eye drops
- Feminine antifungal or anti-itch products
- Hemorrhoid treatment
- Laxatives or stool softeners
- Lice treatments
- Motion sickness medicines
- Nasal sprays or drops
- Ointments for cuts, burns or rashes
- Pain relievers, such as aspirin or ibuprofen
- Sleep aids
- Stomach remedies

This is not a complete list.
The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) decides which expenses can be paid from an FSA and can change the list at any time.
Over-the-counter supplies

Many over-the-counter medical supplies may be eligible for reimbursement from an FSA, and no prescription is required. Examples include:

- Bandages, adhesive or elastic
- Braces and supports
- Catheters
- Condoms
- Contact lens solution and supplies
- Crutches
- Dentures and denture adhesives
- Diagnostic tests and monitors (such as blood glucose monitors)
- Elastic wraps
- First-aid supplies
- Insulin
- Ostomy products
- Pregnancy tests
- Reading glasses
- Walkers, wheelchairs and canes

Important note

Insulin does not require a prescription for reimbursement.

You cannot use an FSA to buy the following health care services and items.

Here are some common services and expenses that are not eligible for FSA reimbursement:

- Aromatherapy
- Baby bottles and cups
- Baby oil
- Baby wipes
- Breast enhancements
- Cosmetics
- Cotton swabs
- Dental floss
- Deodorants
- Feminine care
- Hair regrowth
- Low-calorie foods
- Mouthwash
- Petroleum jelly
- Shampoo and conditioner
- Skin care
- Spa salts
- Sun-tanning products
- Toothbrushes

What does that mean?

Do you find health care and insurance terms confusing? Go to justplainclear.com for easy-to-understand definitions (English and Spanish).

For more information

- Review your FSA benefit documents.
- The IRS publishes information on FSAs and eligible expenses. Visit irs.gov.
- Most major grocery, department, retail and drug stores can identify at the cash register what supplies are eligible for reimbursement.